Iowa Department of Natural Resources Natural Resource Commission

TOPIC Chapter 54, "Introduction and Removal of Plant Life" - Final

Natural Resource Commission approval is requested to amend Chapter 54, "Introduction and Removal of Plant Life." Chapter 54 amendments establish a means for the Department to permit the introduction of aquatic plant species in public waters as defined in NRC Rule 13.2 for the purpose of enhancing water quality and aquatic habitats and the removal of aquatic plants from pubic waters for the purpose of establishing a designated travel lane from a boat dock to open water. Amendment changes also delete language to the taking of American gingseng and references the taking as established in chapter 78.

No one attended the January 6, 2010 public hearing or submitted verbal or written comments.

Joe Larscheid, Fisheries Bureau Chief Conservation and Recreation Division February 11, 2010

Attachment: Chapter 54, Introduction and Removal of Plant Life – Final

NATURAL RESOURCE COMMISSION[571]

Adopted and Final

Pursuant to the authority of Iowa Code sections 461A.35, 461A.41, and 461A.57, the Natural Resource Commission hereby amends Chapter 54, "Restrictions on the Introduction and Removal of Plant Life," Iowa Administrative Code.

The proposed amendments establish a means for the Department to permit the introduction of aquatic plant species in public waters as defined in rule 571-13.2(455A,461A,462A) for the purpose of enhancing water quality and aquatic habitats and a means for the removal of aquatic plants from public waters for the purpose of establishing a designated travel lane from a boat dock to open water. These amendments also delete language which relates to the harvesting of American ginseng and references harvesting regulations established in 571--Chapter 78.

Notice of Intended Action was published in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin on December 16, 2009, as ARC 8332B. A public hearing was held on January 5, 2010. No one attended the hearing and no verbal or written comments were received.

Revisions have been made to the Notice in response to recommendations made by the Code Editor. Items 1, 2, 3, and 5 were added to provide uniformity throughout the rule and for rule clarification. Item 1 amends the chapter title by including the word "introduction" to reflect the chapter's intent to permit the introduction of aquatic plant species into public waters. Items 2

and 3 remove the word "taking" and replace it with the word "harvesting," which is considered to be a more appropriate word. The revision in Item 5 strikes the last sentence referencing Iowa Code 461A.35 and 461.41 because it is not needed and is encompassed in item 7.

These amendments are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 461A.35, 461A.41 and 461A.57.

The following amendments are adopted.

ITEM 1. Amend 561—Chapter 54, title, as follows:

RESTRICTION RESTRICTIONS ON INTRODUCTION AND REMOVAL OF PLANT LIFE

ITEM 2. Amend rule 571--54.1(451A) as follows:

571--54.1(461A) Mushrooms and asparagus. Lands under the jurisdiction of the commission shall be open for the <u>taking harvesting</u> of mushrooms and asparagus during the hours the areas are open to the public.

ITEM 3. Amend rule 561—54.2(461A) as follows:

571—54.2(461A) Fruit. Lands under the jurisdiction of the commission shall be open for the taking harvesting of all varieties of nuts, fruits, and berries unless signs are posted prohibiting such activity. Nut, fruit, and berry gathering shall be permitted only during the hours the areas are open to the public and shall not be permitted in state preserves unless otherwise allowed by the preserves management plan.

ITEM 4. Amend rule 571--54.3(461A) as follows:

571--54.3(461A) American ginseng. The harvesting of American ginseng (Panax quinquefolius) is subject to regulation by 571--Chapter 78.

54.3(1) Lands under the jurisdiction of the commission except state parks and preserves shall be open for the taking of American ginseng (Panax quinquefolius) during the season established by 571 – 78.2(456A).

54.3(2) When digging is done to collect ginseng, the earth is not to be unduly disturbed. The collector shall, immediately upon removal of the plant, restore the disturbed area as nearly as possible to its original condition.

This rule implements Iowa Code section 461A.41.

ITEM 5. Amend rule 561—54.4(461A) as follows:

571—54.4(461A) Trees. The commercial harvest of trees from lands under the jurisdiction of the commission shall be done in accordance with 561—8.5(17A,456A,461A) and 561—8.6(455B), according to the department's Forest Ecosystem Management Guide, approved by the natural resource commission on December 8, 1994, and hereby adopted by reference.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 461A.35 and 461A.41.

ITEM 6. Adopt the following **new** rule 571—54.5(461A):

571--54.5(**461A**) **Aquatic plants.** This rule applies to the introduction and removal of plants in public waters as those waters are defined by rule 571--13.2(455A,461A,462A). For purposes of this rule, aquatic plants are those listed in subrule 54.5(6) and include vegetation that exists at or below the ordinary high water line of a waterway.

54.5(1) Permits. The department may issue permits for the introduction and removal of aquatic plants in public waters. To be considered for a permit under this rule, applicants shall use the department's application form for sovereign lands construction permits, as described in rule 571--13.9(455A,461A,462A), and shall complete all relevant information on that application form. Applicants shall also provide any additional information as may be necessary, as described in rule 571--13.10(455A,461A). The term of the permit shall be stated in the permit. Permits are

nontransferable and shall be subject to reevaluation upon expiration. Permits may be issued for between one and five years.

- **54.5(2)** Evaluation. The department shall evaluate all permits sought under this rule in accordance with the evaluation criteria enumerated in rule 571--13.6(455A,461A,462A). In addition, the department shall consider the following criteria:
 - a. For aquatic plant introduction:
- (1) Unless otherwise approved by the department, all introduced plants shall be included in the list provided in subrule 54.5(6);
 - (2) Introduced plants shall not include cultivars;
- (3) Plants shall be introduced for the purposes of preventing shoreline erosion, stabilizing bottom sediment, providing fish or wildlife habitat, or removing nutrients from the water;
- (4) Plants shall be thoroughly rinsed away from the water into which they are being introduced prior to being transported to the site if the plants have not been cultivated on site in a manner to prevent any foreign nonplant or seed material from entering the water prior to introduction; and
- (5) Plants shall be obtained from a seed source that is within 50 miles of the introduction area and from stocks of only cultivated material (i.e., material that has not been taken from natural areas), or from a source that is approved by the department. Approval for a seed source may be sought from the department by contacting the area fisheries management biologist.
 - b. For aquatic plant removal:
- (1) The plants shall be removed by hand-cutting, hand-pulling, hand-raking or mechanical cutting only;
- (2) The plants shall be removed to establish a designated travel lane from a boat dock that has been permitted in accordance with 571--Chapter 16. Such travel lane shall not exceed a 15-foot width, and the placement of such lane shall be subject to the review and approval of the department. A travel lane allowed under these rules may be in the same location during the term of this permit, may be sited by the department to accommodate vegetation, and may not necessarily be the most direct path from the dock to the open water area; and
- (3) All plant material removed under the permit must be left in place or collected and composted on the land owned, leased or otherwise subject to use by the applicant that is adjacent to the removal area.

Unless otherwise provided by these rules, in no event, may a person be allowed to apply chemicals including, without limitation, pesticides or herbicides to remove aquatic plants from public waters. For nonpublic waters that meet certain designations in 567—Chapter 66, a person may be required to seek a permit under the rules established herein to use pesticides.

- **54.5**(3) Inspection requirements. For the purpose of inspecting for compliance with permit conditions, the department shall have the right to enter the property attached to the public water at or near the place of introduction or removal. This inspection shall include, without limitation, identification of introduced species; a determination as to whether the travel lane is being maintained in accordance with the permit conditions; and whether plant material, if removed, is left on site.
- **54.5(4)** Violations. Persons in violation of this rule are guilty of a simple misdemeanor as described by Iowa Code section 461A.57.
 - **54.5(5)** Exceptions.

- a. Activities accomplished by the department or its agents to introduce or remove aquatic vegetation in public waters shall be deemed appropriate and shall not be subject to the permit requirements of this rule provided the activity is in the public's interest and the activity does not constitute one of the prohibited activities described in 571--subrule 13.6(2).
- b. Cities and counties in Iowa may use chemicals, including pesticides and herbicides, to remove aquatic vegetation from water intake structures. However, such cities and counties shall be required to obtain a permit under this rule and rules in 567—Chapter 66, as may be required, for such activities.
- c. Aquatic vegetation located in public waters may be removed by persons without a permit under this rule only after the department, in its sole discretion, determines and evidences in writing that a hazard or other detrimental condition exists and the proposed mitigative activity is appropriate. Such activity shall be limited only to the work required to address the immediate hazard or other detrimental activity. Any removal allowed by this rule shall conform to the requirements enumerated by the department regarding such removal, or the removal shall be deemed an unauthorized action resulting in damage to public waters. Persons proposing to remove hazards must contact a local department official and request an exception to a permit. The department official shall inspect the hazard or detrimental condition and provide written authorization to proceed or shall require the person to apply for a permit under this rule.
- **54.5(6)** Appropriate plants. The department is committed to maintaining the natural integrity of public waters in the state and strengthening native populations of vegetation and wildlife in those waters. To that end, the following table comprises the plants that may be permitted to be introduced into public waters:

Scientific Name	Common Name	
Acorus americanus	Sweet Flag	
Alisma plantago-aquatica	Water Plantain	
Asclepias incarnata	Marsh Milkweed	
Bidens cernua	Nodding Beggars Ticks	
Bidens coronata	Tickseed Sunflower	
Brasenia	Water Shield	
schreberi		
Calamagrostis	Blue Joint Grass	
Canadensis		
Caltha	Marsh Marigold	
palustris		
Carex atherodes	Wheat Sedge	
Carex comosa	Longhair Sedge	
Carex	Crested Sedge	
cristatella		
Carex hystericina	Bottlebrush Sedge	
Carex	Hairy Sedge	
lacustris		
Carex	Greater Straw Sedge	
normalis		
Carex pellita	Wooly Sedge	

Carex	Prairie Sedge
prairea	
Carex	Broom Sedge
scoparia	
Carex stipata	Awlfruit Sedge
Carex stricta	Upright Sedge
Carex	Blunt Broom Sedg
tribuloides	
Carex	Fox Sedge
vulpinoidea	
Ceratophyllum	Coontail
demersum	
Eleocharis	Needle Spikerush
acicularis	
Eleocharis obtuse	Blunt Spikerush
Elodea canadensis	Canada Waterweed
Eupatorium	Bone Set
perfoliatum	
Glyceria	Fowl Manna Grass
striata	
Iris	Blue Flag Iris
versicolor	
Juncus dudleyi	Dudley's Rush
Juncus torreyi	Torreys Rush
Leersia oryzoides	Rice Cutgrass
Lobelia	Great Lobelia
siphilitica	
Lysimachia cilate	Fringed Loosestrife
Lythrum alatum	Winged Loosestrif
<u>Muhlenbergia</u>	Leafy Satin Grass
mexicana	·
Muhlenbergia	Marsh Muhly
racemosa	
Nymphea tuberosa	White Water Lily
Poa palustris	Fowl Bluegrass
Polygonum	Water Smartweed
amphibium	
Pontederia	Pickerelweed
cordata	
Potamogeton nodosus	Longleaf Pondwee
	Cursed Crowfoot

secleratus	
Sagittaria	Broadleaf Arrowhead
latifolia	
Schoenoplectus acutus	Hardstem Bulrush
Schoenoplectus	River Bulrush
fluviatilis	
Schoenoplectus	Soft-Stem Bulrush
tabernaemontani	
Scirpus atrovirens	Green Bulrush
Sparganium eurycarpum	Giant Burreed
Spartina pectinata	Prairie Cord Grass
Stuckenia pectinatus	Sago Pondweed
Typha latifolia	Broadleaf Cattail

In addition, an applicant may propose, as part of the application, species that do not appear on this list, which the department will consider. The department's consideration of species not on this list will be based on the commitment described above as well as the potential impact of the proposed species to the public water and ecosystem.

ITEM 7. Adopt the following new implementation sentence in 561—Chapter 54: These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 461A.

	Date	
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